

LISTENING

- ۱- دانش آموز عزیز به مکالمه گوش کنید. سپس گزینه صحیح را انتخاب کنید.
۲- دانش آموز عزیز به متن گوش کنید و جاهای خالی را با کلمات صحیح کامل کنید.

LESSON 1

Listening and Speaking

Conversation 1:

Behzad: How's everything, Amin? You seem to be busy these days, don't you?

Amin: I'm OK Behzad. I'm working on a new project. I'm really tired.

Behzad: But your health is really important, isn't it?

Amin: I know. But what about work, money, responsibility, ...? We need to consider them all, don't we?

1. Why is Amin busy these days?
2. What does Behzad think about health?

Answers:

1. He is working on a new project.
2. Health is the most important thing of all.

Conversation 2:

Roya: We are going to the gym on Friday. Will you come with us, Mina?

Mina: I don't think so.

Roya: You don't like sports, do you?

Mina: Actually, I don't know. I think it depends on the type of sport.

Roya: You Prefer team sports, don't you?

Mina: Well, it seems to be OK. But honestly, I prefer less active sports like chess.

Roya: Oh, I see.

1. Where are they going?
2. Why does Mina prefer chess?

Answers

1. They are going to the gym
2. Because she likes less active sports.

LESSON 2

Listening and speaking

Conversation 1:

Zohreh: This weekend is my birthday. I have invited everyone but Mina.

Maryam: Why not? If I were you, I would certainly invite her. As far as I know, you were close friends at school.

Zohreh: Yes. But she has moved to another neighborhood. If I had her address, I would invite her.

Maryam: What a pity! If I knew that sooner, I could help you.

Zohreh: How?

Maryam: I could check it with my sister. She is her mother's friend.

Zohreh: Can you call her now?

Maryam: Unfortunately, she is not available till next Wednesday. Sorry

1. Where does Mina live?

1. She lives in another neighborhood.

2. Why hasn't Zohreh invited Mina yet?

2. Because she does not have her address.

Conversation 2:

Bijan: Are you Okay?

Mehran: I'm thinking about something.

Bijan: What's wrong?

Mehran: I have saved some money to buy a new mobile phone. But one of my friends is in trouble and needs some money. What would you do if you were in my shoes? **Mehran:** What is his problem?

Bijan: I could tell you about it if it weren't a secret. But it's an emergency.

Mehran: Ok. If I were you, I would give him the money. A friend in need is a friend indeed.

1. What does Bijan want to do with his money?

1. He wants to buy a new mobile phone.

2. Did Bijan tell Mehran about the problem? Why not?

2. No, he did not, because it was a secret.

LESSON 3

Listening and speaking

Conversation 1:

Amir: Why didn't you go to the new restaurant last night?

Rasoul: We didn't want to. We had already tried the food there the weekend before.

Amir: Really? Did you like the food?

Rasoul: That was OK. We all ordered chicken with rice. I had never tasted their special sauce anywhere else.

Amir: Was it pomegranate sauce?

Rasoul: No, it wasn't. I had already tasted pomegranate sauce at home.

Amir: Was it expensive?

Rasoul: I think it was cheaper than the food we had tried in other restaurants.

1. Had Rasool tried the restaurant sauce before?

No he hadn't. He hadn't tried it before.

2. Did Rasool go to the new restaurant alone?

No. He had probably gone there with his friends.

Conversation 2:

Shila: What did you do on Thursday?

Samira: Oh, on Thursday Yeganeh and Kiana came over for dinner. We really missed you.

Shila: Thanks, but you wanted to go to the Museum of Holy Defense, didn't you?

Samira: Oh, Yes. Before we got home, we'd gone to the museum.

Shila: Was it the first time you went there?

Samira: No, I had already been there once.

Shila: Did your friends stay till midnight?

Samira: No. After we had had dinner, their mothers arrived and took them home.

1. When had Samira and her friends gone to the museum?

They had gone there before they got home.

2. When did Samira's guests leave her home?

They left her home before midnight.

VOCABULARY

LESSON ONE

Sense of appreciation حس قدرشناسی

take temperature	تب کسی رو گرفتن	burst into tears	زیر گریه زدن
physician	پزشک	repeatedly	به طور مکرر، بارها
regard	توجه کردن، در نظر گرفتن	forgive	بخششیدن
dedicated	متعهد، فداکار	calmly	به آرامی
spare no pains	از هیچ تلاشی دریغ نکردن	diary	دفترچه خاطرات
distinguished	معروف، برجسته	deserve	لیاقت داشتن
not surprisingly	تعجیبی نداره	share	تقسیم کردن، سهم داشتن
found	تاسیس کردن، بنیان کردن	respect	احترام گذاشتن
be born	زاده شدن	take care of=care for	مراقبت کردن

conversation

Nurse: Dr. Gharib was a famous physician.

Nurse: Dr. Gharib was born in Tehran in 1288. After receiving his diploma, he went abroad to

study medicine. In 1316 he became a physician and then came back to his homeland. In 1347

this center was founded by Dr. Gharib and one of his close friends.

Nurse: Dr. Gharib was also a generous man. He spared no pains to cure sick children. He was

very friendly and helpful to poor families. Not surprisingly, he was regarded as a dedicated

physician.

Sara: It's a pity! I didn't know such a great man.

Nurse: He was known as a distinguished university professor, too. The first Persian textbook on

children's diseases was written by him.

پزشک معروف

دانش به خارج از کشور

مکرر

این مرکز

این مرکز توسط دکتر غریب و یکی از دوستان نزدیکش

مرد بخشنده

حاجی نجیبی عمیت

پزشک معروف

استاد برجسته دانشگاه

burst into tears: to cry suddenly

Aida **burst into tears** when she saw her score.

آیدا زیر گریه زد وقتی نمرش رو دید.

Repeatedly: many times

I've told Mohsen **repeatedly** to talk politely to his teachers.

من به محسن بارها گفته ام که با معلمانش مودبانه صحبت کند.

Forgive: to stop being angry with someone

Mom **forgave** me for breaking the vase.

مادر مرا به خاطر شکستن گلدان بخشید.

Calmly: in a quiet way

He always speaks slowly and **calmly**.

او همیشه شمرده و به آرامی صحبت میکند.

diary: a book in which you record your thoughts or feelings or what has happened every day.

I have kept a **diary** for twelve years.

من یک دفترچه خاطرات را به مدت ۱۲ سال نگه داشته ام.

deserve: to be worthy

failure: a lack of success in doing something

appreciate: to be grateful for



We have to **take care of** elderly people.

افراد مسن را به دقت مراقبت کنید



Children should **respect** their parents

احترام



My grandfather feeds the **pigeons** in the park every morning.

سگدتر



Family members should listen to each other.

اعضای خانواده



We can help many people by **donating** what they need.

اهدای کردن



My little sister sits on my **mother's lap** all the time.

دایه مادر / روی زانو

مادر



We have to speak louder, because my grandmother is **hard of hearing.**

سنگین گوش



My uncle went to his son and **hugged** him..

بغل زدن



We can help some people by **donating blood.**

اهدای خون

blood donation

ali_shabanpour

جزوه امتحان نهایی زبان / دکتر شعبان پور



Helping others lowers blood pressure.
brain

کمک به دیگران



Taking care of grandchildren increases
function and memory.

مراقبت از نوه‌ها



Kindness boosts energy and strength in
family members.

اعضای خانواده



نوجوانان

Teenagers who help others are more
successful in life.



Listening to the advice of older people improves our lives.

گوشه دادن به بزرگان
بزرگانها

LESSON TWO

	Look it up	معنی کلمه رو پیدا کن	
compile	گردآوری کردن	stand for	نشانه چیزی بودن
translate	ترجمه کردن	wonder	در تعجب بودن
recommend	توصیه کردن	design	طراحی کردن
suppose	فرض کردن	consider	در نظر گرفتن، بررسی کردن
elementary	مبتدی	combination	ترکیب
intermediate	متوسط	introduction	مقدمه
advanced	پیشرفته	effectively	به طور موثر
app (application)	برنامه	arrange	نظم دادن، مرتب کردن
smart phone	تلفن هوشمند	jump into	ناگهان تصمیمی گرفتن، از چیزی گذشتن
PC (personal computer)	کامپیوتر شخصی	abbreviations	علامت اختصاری
confusing	گیج کننده	Guide Words	کلمات راهنما
definitions	تعریف		

conversation

Majid: Excuse me Mr. Iranmehr, I wonder if you could help me.

Mr. Iranmehr: That's right. First, I recommend a learner's dictionary.

Mr. Iranmehr: I suppose a monolingual dictionary is more suitable for you, because you can find word information in English.

Mr. Iranmehr: Well, there are usually three levels: elementary, intermediate and advanced. For you as a high school student, an elementary one is OK.

Mr. Iranmehr: Yes, a pocket dictionary. You can carry it wherever you go.

می خواستم خواهش کنم ببینم کمک کنید

من توصیه می کنم

من فکر می کنم

متوسط من مبتدی دیکشنری تک زبانه

پاکت دیکشنری

دیکشنری جیبی

combination: an arrangement in a particular order

From the letters X and Y, we can get two combinations: XY and YX.

از کلمات X و Y ما می توانیم دو ترکیب داشته باشیم: XY و YX.

introduction: the part at the beginning of a book that gives a general idea of what it is about

This book has only a two-page introduction.

این کتاب فقط یک مقدمه دو صفحه ای دارد.

Effectively: in a way that is successful and achieves what you want

If you know how to study more effectively, you'll be able to learn more.

اگر شما بدانید چطور به طور موثرتری مطالعه کنید ، شما قادر خواهید بود که بیشتر یاد بگیرید.

Arrange: to put things in a neat, attractive, or useful order

We'll need to arrange the chairs around the table.

ما باید صندلیها رو دور میز مرتب بچینیم.

Jump into: to suddenly decide to do something

I did not read the introduction and jumped into the next part.

من مقدمه را نخواندم و به بخش بعدی رفتم. (منظورم اینه از روی مقدمه پریدم)

suppose : think and believe

contain : have something inside

recommend : tell somebody that something is good

figure out: to find a solution or arrive at an answer to

symbol: something that stands for something else



A **bilingual** dictionary

دو زبانانه

A **monolingual** dictionary

تک زبانه

C is the **symbol** for carbon

نماد



I circled the dictionary **entry** for the word 'purpose'

کلمه را دایره کشی



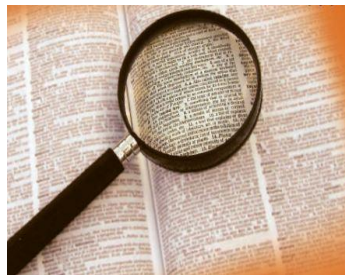
Try to avoid foods that **contain** a lot of fat.

حاو بودج



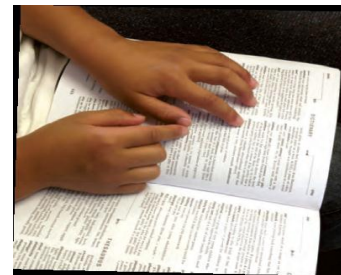
Mehran couldn't **figure out** what the teacher was talking about

فهمیدن



The smallest dictionary in the world can be read by **magnifying glass**

ذره بین



look up the meaning of a word

دنبال معنی کلمه شدن

LESSON THREE

Renewable Energy

انرژی تجدید پذیر

wind turbine	توربین بادی	produce electricity	تولید برق کردن
power	نیرو، برق، برق رسانی کردن	air cooling systems	سیستم خنک کننده هوا
sources	منابع	clean energy!	انرژی پاک
solar power	نیروی خورشیدی	fossil fuels	سوخت فسیلی
sunshine	نور خورشید	air conditioner	تهویه هوا
kinetic energy	انرژی جنبشی	variety	تنوع
generate	تولید کردن	tide	جزر و مد
opposite	متضاد، بر خلاف	replace	جایگزین کردن، سر جای خود گذاشتن
remind	یادآوری کردن	use up	مصرف کردن کامل، تمام کردن
resources	منابع	forever	برای همیشه
pollute	آلوده کردن	demand	تقاضا، درخواست
blow	وزیدن	convert	تبدیل کردن
		absorb	جذب کردن

conversation

Father: Yes, wind turbines are used to produce electricity from wind power.

Emad: I know electricity can be produced from water and sunlight. How might it be generated from wind?

Father: Well, a wind turbine works the opposite of a fan. Instead of using electricity to make wind, a turbine uses wind to make electricity. It is a type of clean energy.

Emad: These wind turbines remind me of what I read about using wind power in Yazd's buildings.

Father: You mean wind towers?

Emad: Yes, they are natural air cooling systems and can be used instead of electrical air conditioners.

This is another source of clean energy, isn't it?

تولید برق

نیرو باد

قابل فن

نور خورشید

تولید برق

تولید برق

انرژی پاک

برج بادی

سیستم ارض خنک کننده هوا

تهویه هوا

variety: many different types of things or people

They do a variety of fitness activities.

آنها فعالیت‌های متنوعی انجام می‌دهند.

tide: the rise and fall of the sea

Here you can see two high and two low tides each day.

شما اینجا می‌توانید دو جزر و مد بالا و پایین را ببینید.

replace: 1. to take the place of somebody or something

The factory replaced most of its workers with robots.

کارخانه بیشتر کارمندان را با ربات جایگزین کرد.

2. to put something back in the right place

She carefully replaced the china plate on the shelf.

او با دقت بشقاب چینی را روی قفسه سر جایش گذاشت.

use up: to finish something

Don't use up all the milk - we need some for breakfast.

همه ی شیر رو تموم نکن - ما مقداری برای صبحانه نیاز داریم.

forever: for all time

No one can live forever.

هیچ کس نمی تواند برای همیشه زندگی کند.

demand: the amount of a product or service that people want

Demand for organic food is increasing.

تقاضا برای غذاهای ارگانیک در حال افزایش است.

convert: to change in form or character

The sofa converts into a bed.

مبل تبدیل به تختخواب میشود.

absorb: to take something in, especially gradually

Plants absorb carbon dioxide.

گیاهان دی اکسید کربن جذب میکنند.



In the opposite of a fan a **turbine** uses wind to make electricity



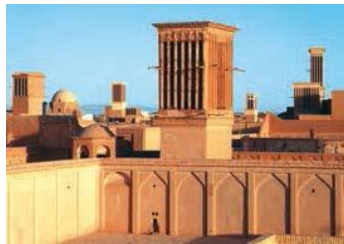
The new light bulbs **consume** less electricity

برق کمتر مصرف می کنند



My uncle often sits in the **balcony**, has a cup of coffee and reads a book.

بالکن



wind towers



plant

سازمان



sunshine/ shiny panels

نور آفتاب

صنعت نور آفتاب



Hydropower or power is produced as a result of falling or **running water**.

آب جاری



Oil, coal and natural gas are three common **fossil fuels**.

سوختها فسیلی

Lesson One		Lesson Two		Lesson Three	
respect	احترام گذاشتن	look up	پیدا کردن کلمه در	power	نیرو، نیرو دادن
appreciation	قدردانی		لیست، پیدا کردن معنی لغت	solar power	نیروی خورشید
strength	قدرت	compile	تالیف کردن	mechanical	نیروی مکانیکی
lower	پایین آوردن	magnify	بزرگنمایی کردن	power	
elderly	مسن	magnifying	ذره بین	wind power	نیروی باد
function	کاربرد- نقش- عملکرد	glass	فرهنگ لغت تک زبانه	renewable	انرژی تجدید پذیر
take care of	مراقبت کردن	monolingual		energy	
advice	نصیحت	dictionary		solar energy	انرژی خورشیدی
improve	بهبود بخشیدن	bilingual	فرهنگ لغت دو زبانه	kinetic energy	انرژی جنبشی
loving	با محبت	dictionary		save more	انرژی بیشتری
cruel	ظالم	recommend	توصیه کردن	energy	ذخیره کردن
Sense	حس، احساس کردن	suppose	فرض کردن، فکر کردن	clean energy	انرژی پاک
boost	تقویت کردن، افزایش	elementary	مقدماتی، ابتدائی	Sources	سرچشمه، منابع
donate	اهدا کردن	intermediate	متوسط	resources	منابع
inspiration	الهام	advanced	پیشرفته	fossil fuels	سوختهای فسیلی
author	نویسنده	App	برنامه کاربردی	light bulb	لامپ
burst	منفجر شدن، ناگهان وارد شدن	PC	کامپیوتر شخصی	wind towers	توربینهای بادی
dedicate	اختصاص دادن، وقف کردن	smart phone	تلفن هوشمند	air conditioners	تهویه هوا
dedicated	متعهد، فداکار، اختصاصی	contain	حاوی بودن، شامل بودن	polluted	آلوده
distinguish	تشخیص دادن، متمایز کردن	entry	ورودی، ثبت شده	consume	مصرف کردن
distinguished	متمایز، مشهور	symbol	نماد، نشانه چیزی بودن،	balcony	بالکن
regard	در نظر گرفتن، ملاحظه	stand for	نماد بودن	generate	تولید کردن
found	تاسیس کردن	abbreviation	علامت اختصاری	Sunlight	نور خورشید
physician	پزشک	figure out	فهمیدن، سر در آوردن	blow	وزیدن
cure	درمان کردن			remind	یادآوری کردن
Spare	مضایقه کردن، دریغ کردن	work out	از کار در آوردن، انجام	coal	زغال سنگ
temperature	دما				
pigeon	کبوتر				
shout	فریاد زدن				
hug	در آغوش گرفتن				
lap	روی زانو، دامان				
meaningful	با معنی				

Word attack

increasingly	به طور فزاینده ای	disconnection	عدم ارتباط، قطع
communicative	ارتباطی، خوش برخورد	unsystematically	به طور نامنظمی
accidentally	بر حسب اتفاق، به طور تصادفی، اتفاقی	incomprehensible	غیر قابل درک
endangering	در معرض خطر قرار دادن	unexpectedly	به طور غیر منتظره ای
unsuccessfully	به طور ناموفقی	unchangeable	تغییر ناپذیر
unconditional	بی قید و شرط		

proverbs

1. Birds of a feather flock together کبوتر با کبوتر باز با باز	People like to spend time with others who are similar to them.
2. Actions speak louder than words به عمل کار بر آید به سخنرانی نیست	Just saying that you'll do something doesn't mean much. Actually doing it is harder and more meaningful
3. Practice makes perfect کار نیکو کردن از پر کردن است.	You have to practice a skill a lot to become good at it.
4. Too many cooks spoil the broth آشپز که دو تا شد آش یا شور میشه یا بی نمک.	When there are too many people trying to lead and give their opinions, it's confusing and leads to bad results. Jobs and projects should have one or two strong leaders.
5. Easy come, easy go باد آورده را باد می برد.	When you get money quickly, like by winning it, it's easy to spend it or lose it quickly as well.

6. Two heads are better than one دو تا عقل بهتر از یکی هست.	When two people cooperate with each other, they come up with better ideas.
7. Don't count your chickens before they hatch جوجه رو آخر پاییز می‌شمرن.	Your plans might not work out, so don't start thinking about what you'll do after you succeed. Wait until you've already succeeded, and then you can think about what to do next.
8. Out of sight, out of mind از دل برود هر آنکه از دیده برفت.	You soon forget people or things that are no longer visible or present.
9. Cut your coat according to your cloth پاتو اندازه گلیمت دراز کن	to emphasize that someone should do as well as possible with the limited money they have
10. A burnt child dreads the fire مارگزیده از ریسمان سیاه و سفید می ترسد.	Someone who has experienced some kind of negative situation or consequence will try to avoid making the same mistake or experiencing the same situation again.
11. Kill two birds with one stone با یک تیر دو نشان زدن	to succeed in achieving two things in a single action:
12. Don't look a gift horse in the mouth. دندون اسب پیش کنشی رو نمی‌شمرن.	Don't question the value of a gift
13. Money does not grow on trees. پول علف خرس نیست.	to warn someone to be careful how much money they spend, because there is only a limited amount
14. There's no place like home. هیجا مته خونه آدم نمیشه.	there is no other place as nice as home.
15. Absence makes the heart grow fonder. دوری و دوستی	when people we love are not with us, we love them even more
16. God helps those who help themselves از تو حرکت از خدا برکت.	Don't just wait for good things to happen to you. Work hard to achieve your goals.
17. The early bird catches the worm. سحرخیز باش تا کامروا باشی.	You should wake up and start work early if you want to succeed.

با توجه به تصاویر داده شده جملات زیر را کامل کنید. (خرداد ۹۸)

We have to speak louder , because my grandfather is of hearing.

In opposite to fans ,(s) use winds to generate electricity.



با توجه به تصاویر داده شده، جملات زیر را بخوانید و تصویر مناسب برای هر جمله را انتخاب کنید.

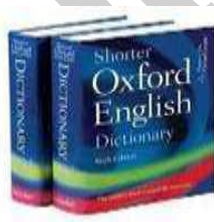
(نهایی ۹۹ خارج از کشور)



(a)



(b)



(c)



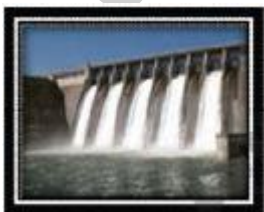
(d)

1. I always use monolingual dictionary to learn vocabulary.
2. My grandfather feeds the pigeons in the park every morning.
3. In the opposite of fans, wind turbines use wind to generate electricity.
4. Today some people use shiny panels on the roofs to collect heat.

با توجه به تصاویر داده شده، جملات زیر را بخوانید و تصویر مناسب برای هر جمله را انتخاب کنید. (یک جمله اضافی

نهایی انسانی ۹۹

است)



1



2



3



4

- There are lots of free apps that you don't need to pay money to use them.
- It is believed that hugging your child boosts the level of happiness.
- Teenagers who help others are most successful in life.
- Hydropower is produced as a result of falling or running water.
- Tides can usually happen near any huge body of water like an ocean.

برای هر کلمه مشخص شده در ستون A یک تعریف از ستون B انتخاب کنید. (یک تعریف اضافیست). خرداد ۹۸

A

- There are some helpful tips on how to use a dictionary more **effectively**.
- She agreed some parts of her personal **diary** to be published.
- Strong **tides** make swimming dangerous.
- We can **convert** some sofas into a bed.

B

- the rise and fall of the sea
- in a quiet way
- a book in which you record your thoughts and feelings
- to change in form or character
- in a way that is successful and achieves what you want

برای هر کلمه مشخص شده از گروه A یک تعریف از گروه B انتخاب کنید. (در گروه B یک تعریف اضافی است).

خرداد ۹۹

A

- The people of this city come from a **variety** of different background.
- people like to spend time with others who are similar to them.**
- His books are neatly **arranged** in alphabetical order.
- The children **burst into tears** on hearing of the death of their grandfather.

B

- To put things in a useful order
- To cry suddenly
- To take something in
- Many different types of things or people
- Birds of a feather flock together

جملات زیر را با کلمات داده شده کامل کنید. (یک کلمه اضافی است) خرداد ۹۸

combination, compile, dedicated, consume

- Nowadays the new light bulbs less electricity.
- As a great artist, he has used aof paints in his works.
- Dr. Gharib was regarded as a physician and he spared no pains to help sick people.

جملات زیر را با کلمات داده شده کامل کنید. (یک کلمه اضافی است) خرداد ۹۹

introduction, dedicated, alphabetical, conditioner

1. A: Why is he so famous?
B: Because he is a/an university professor.
2. A: How do you keep this room cool?
B: We use a perfect air to keep here cool.
3. A: How should we find a book written by a great poet at this library?
B: The books are arranged by authors' names.

جملات زیر را با کلمات داده شده کامل کنید. (یک کلمه اضافی است) خرداد ۹۹

advanced, calmly, demands, overcome

1. We understand our teacher easily because she speaks well and
2. Today more people buy smart phones, so the for smart phones are increasing.
3. Dictionaries are usually in three levels: elementary, intermediate, and

جملات زیر را با کلمه ای مناسب از دانش خود کامل کنید.

1. Plants **a**..... carbon dioxide from the air. (خرداد ۹۸)
2. **H** is the chemical **s** for hydrogen. (خرداد ۹۸)
3. In Germany people usually **h**..... each other when they meet. (خرداد ۹۸)
4. You should tell him the truth one day. You can't keep it a secret **f** - - - - -. (خرداد ۹۹)
5. In order to be healthy, try to avoid foods that **c** - - - - - a lot of fat. (خرداد ۹۹)
6. The baby enjoys sitting on her mother's **l** - - . (خرداد ۹۹)
7. Nowadays **d** - - - - - for organic food is increasing. (خرداد ۹۹)
8. a book in which you record your thoughts or feelings or what has happened every day is called a **d** - - - - . (خرداد ۹۹)
9. I couldn't find the dictionary **e** for word "action". (خرداد ۹۹)
10. Dictionaries are usually in three levels: elementary, **i** - - - - - and advanced.

(خرداد ۹۹)

1. I did not read the introduction and jumped the next part. خرداد ۹۸
a. into **b. on** **c. up** **d. over**
2. Aida burst Tears when she saw her score. شهریور ۹۸
a. into **b. on** **c. up** **d. over**
3. we went out to play football, but it started to rain خارج ۹۹
a. expected **b. unexpected** **c. unexpectedly** **d. expectation**
4. The old man wasn't very and kept to himself. خرداد ۹۸
a. communicate **b. communication** **c. communicative** **d. to communicate**

GRAMMAR

1. PASSIVE VOICE:

TO BE + P.P

زمان	فعل	نشونه
حال ساده	am/is/are + p.p	every, once
حال استمراری	am/is/are being + p.p	now, at the moment
گذشته ساده	was/were + p.p	yesterday, last, ... ago
گذشته استمراری	was/were being + p.p	when, while, at 10 yesterday
حال کامل	has/have been + p.p	since, recently, already, during the, so far, yet
مدال	Will/can/may/should / must + be + p.p	

2. TAG QUESTION:

? ضمیر فاعلی + فعل کمکی , + فعل + فاعل

I think Mina a new mobile phone, hasn't she? (to buy)

دیماه ۹۸

Last night my fatherhouse very late, didn't he? (to come)

شهریور ۹۸

3. WHO/WHOM/ WHICH

Pigeon is a bird which is common in cities.

The man who plays golf lives in this street.

The woman whom you are taking to is my teacher.

This computer which my friend bought last year is very great.

4. CONDITIONAL SENTENCES (TYPE II)

If,

If you studied hard, you would pass the exam.

If we found two hundred dollars, we it to the police station. (to give)

شهریور ۹۸

5. PAST PERFECT

had + p.p

پاسخ صحیح را از بین گزینه های داده شده انتخاب کنید.

1. The train he catches early in the morning is not very crowded. خرداد ۹۸
 a. whom b. which c. who d. whose
2. Some dangerous gases when we burn garbage. خرداد ۹۸
 a. was produced b. produce c. may produce d. may be produced
3. The woman my sister met in the hospital is a nurse. شهریور ۹۸
 a. where b. what c. which d. whom
4. I to play ping pong when I was six years old. شهریور ۹۸
 a. had taught b. was taught c. taught d. will be taught
5. A: Where is his car?
 B: The car is parked there belongs to him.
 a) which b) when c) whom d) whose
6. A: Can she get a good mark now? خرداد ۹۹
 B: No, but she could get a good score if she more.
 a) have studied b) studied c) studies d) would study
7. There is a new building in the neighborhood. The workers.....it very well. خرداد ۹۹
 a) have built b) are built c) were built d) have been built
8. their sister bought a new dress at a very low price,? خرداد ۹۹
 a) doesn't she b) don't they c) didn't she d) didn't they
9. Zhila never says a word when she is sad ,? خرداد ۹۹
 a) isn't she b) did she c) doesn't she d) does she
10. my father might buy a new car if some more dollars by the family. خرداد ۹۹
 a) could save b) were saved c) had saved d) were saving

مکالمه زیر را بخوانید و شکل صحیح افعال داخل پرانتز را در جاهای خالی بنویسید. (خرداد ۹۸)

Ali: Hi, Amir. How are you?

Amir: Hi, Ali. Just fine.

Ali: It rather cold today, doesn't it? (to seem)

Amir: Yes. I to go swimming before I left home. (to decide)

Ali: It's a pity! If it were fine, we swimming today. (to go)

Amir: By the way, let's go to a restaurant and eat something.

Ali: Ok. I know a restaurant in which a variety of sea foods (to serve)

Amir: Umm! That's a great idea.

مُرداد ۹۹

Sima: I had problems with my English lesson today.

Anna: Really, why? The lesson (teach) clearly by the teacher.

Sima: I know, but I(be) absent last week, wasn't I? I have a lot of questions now.

Anna: Why didn't you ask teacher after she (finish) her teaching.

Sima: You are right! But if I (ask) her my questions, I could make her tired.

Anna: Maybe! Ok, I can help you instead.

مُرداد ۹۹

Babak: I met Javid this morning.

Ali: Do you know Javid's birthday is this Friday? You (invite) to his birthday party, haven't you?

Babak: No, nothing (say) about it while I was talking to him.

Ali: He may call you tomorrow. He always (decide) to do things at the last moment, doesn't he?

Babak: You are right! But if he told us sooner we (choose) a better gift to buy.

Ali: Exactly!

شکل صحیح افعال را در جای خالی بنویسید. (مُرداد ۹۹)

1. His job became difficult because of his illness. (increase)
2. They The waste every night and send it to the landfill, don't they? (collect)
3. A: Is there any medicine for the disease?
B: A new medicine by the doctors to cure it since last month. (discover)
4. Smart phones and tablets by lots of hard work some years ago. (invent)
5. They would all over the world if they rich. (be)

با هر گروه از کلمات زیر یک جمله ی کامل بنویسید.

1. talking / to the neighbors / the woman / bought / that apartment / who / was / in the yard /.

خررداد ۹۹

.....

2. met / their son / had / happy / after / his parents / they / became /.

خررداد ۹۹

.....

3. famous / lives / the woman / professor / next door / is / who / a.

خررداد ۹۸

.....

4. obeyed/ the traffic rules/ everyone /must/ by/ be /.

خررداد ۹۹

.....

5. if/ could/ he/ a car/ my uncle/ his driving test / passed/ drive.

خررداد ۹۹

.....

6. my mother/ this / the golden watch/ / is/ which/ to buy/ wants/.

خررداد ۹۹

.....

WRITING

جملات زیر را با کلمات **and,or,but,so** کامل کنید

(خرداد ۹۸)

1. The early bird catches the worm, if you want to succeed, wake up and start work early.
2. He bought a house, found a job, chose a school for his children last year.
3. The glass fell down to the floor, it didn't break.
4. You can pay now, when I finish your painting.

(خرداد ۹۹)

Amin is a student, he goes to a school near his house. He can come home by taxi, he can come on foot. He usually gets back on time, yesterday he came home late because one of his friends got sick, Amin waited until his friend's father arrived.

(خرداد ۹۹)

Ants are found everywhere in the world. They make their home in buildings, they live in garden. Ants are very hardworking insects, throughout the summers they collect food for winter season. Whenever they find a sweet on the floor, they stick to the sweet carry it to their home. They are usually wingless, They develop wings when they reproduce.

جملات مناسب را برای ستون A از ستون B انتخاب کرده و در پاسخ نامه بنویسید. (خرداد ۹۹)

- | | |
|--|-------------------------------|
| 1. You can use mobile dictionary, or | a) I didn't have your number. |
| 2. The roads were covered with ice, so | b) I looked out. |
| 3. I wanted to call you, but | c) you can buy a pocket one. |
| 4. I went to the window, and | d) it was not safe to drive. |

با توجه به مفهوم جمله اول و تصویر داده شده، در ادامه یک جمله بنویسید. (خرداد ۹۹)

Many people are still becoming sick because of the COVID 19, so



Jimmy seems very tired, but..... .



PARAGRAPH

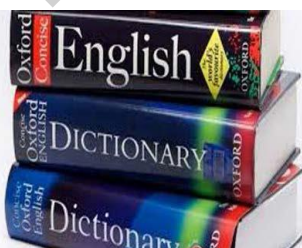
TOPIC SENTENCE = the topic + controlling idea

1. **Learning a new language** helps you boost your brain and learn more communication skills.
2. **Sport** has a lot of benefits. / sport helps you keep healthy.
3. **Smoking** can be very harmful to the health.
4. **water** is very important to our life and our planet.
5. **Forest** is a large area of land covered by trees.
6. **Clean energy** doesn't pollute the earth.
7. **Writing** is one of the most important skills in learning a new language.
7. **Pollution** is one of the worst problems in Tehran.
8. **Wildlife** plays an important role in balancing the environment.
9. **Iran** is a four-season country and the most beautiful country in the Middle East.
10. **Persian Gulf** is the identity of Iranian people.
11. **Dictionaries** are the books in which you can find the meaning of the words.
12. There are a variety of **light bulbs**.
13. **Trees** are essential for human's life.
14. **Dr. Gharib** was a dedicated physician.
15. **Tahereh saffarzade** was an Iranian distinguished poets.
16. **Hassan Omidzadeh** was a dedicated teacher.
17. **Abbas Babaie** was an Iranian air force pilot.

با استفاده از تصاویر داده شده برای عنوانهای زیر یک **topic sentence** بنویسید.



a) Hassan Omidzadeh



b) Dictionaries



c) Forest



Light bulbs



a) water



b) Damavand



c) Perspolis (Takhte-e-Jamshid)



Tahereh Saffarzadeh

برای هر کدام از پاراگرافهای زیر یک **topic sentence** مناسب بنویسید. خرداد ۹۹

1. Plants..... There are some plants which grow inside a house. They are cared for each day with water and sunlight. On the other hand, there are some other types which grow with no care from Human. These plants are easily found in nature. You can simply see different kinds of plants throughout the world, on every continent. Some of them can only live in a few environments, while others can live in almost any condition.

2. Vitamin D..... It is used by the body to form strong bones and teeth. That is why growing children need it. It is called sunshine vitamin. Long before people knew what vitamin D was, they learned that sunshine was important. As a result, it is a good idea to eat kinds of food with Vitamin D or to have more sunshine to stay healthy.

خرداد ۹۹

1. Reading Unlike sitting in front of the TV, reading makes you use your brain. It also gives you a view into other cultures and places in the world. Besides, it improves your concentration and helps you have something to talk about.

2. Nature In order to connect to the nature, you can go outside and choose a quiet place, whether it is a forest, or grassland, lake or mountain. You will find how relaxing it is to just sit and enjoy the natural sounds of the woods, leaves or birds. You can also feel free from all the pressure you have in crowded cities in your daily life. Nature is really the world's wonderful gift.

جملات زیر را مرتب کرده و به شکل یک پاراگراف درآوردید. (خرداد ۹۸)

جملات (topic sentence) ، (supporting sentence) و (concluding sentence) مشخص کنید.

1. We cannot think of life without water.
2. So, water is also essential for animals, birds, insects, etc.
3. Water is the most essential element in our life.
4. Thus, water is very important to our life and our planet.
5. We need huge resources of water to generate electricity on a large and commercial scale.
6. Besides, No living-being can exist for long without water, the most valuable liquid.

خرداد ۹۹

- a) Thus, water is very important to our life and our planet.
- b) But also the wild life is going to extinct without it.
- c) Water is the most essential element in our life.
- d) We need water to drink, to wash, to cook and to grow vegetables and fruits.
- e) Not only human will die without water.
- f) Water is also essential for animals, birds, insects, etc.

خرداد ۹۹

- a. For example, not only they are source of fresh and clean air.
- b. In short, trees arc the best friends of us.
- c. Trees are essential for human's life.
- d. In addition, they provide us with wood to make things.
- e. They supply us with many necessary things in many ways.
- f. But also they are an important source of food.

یک پاراگراف با عنوان **save our Earth** بنویسید و از تمام موارد ذیل در آن استفاده کنید. پاراگراف باید شامل جملات (topic sentence) ، (supporting sentence) و (concluding sentence) باشد.

خرداد ۹۸

- Plant trees
- Use less fossil fuels
- Increase the use of solar and wind energy
- Change waste to energy

All people should think of saving our Earth. We can take some action to protect our planet. For example, using less fossil fuels, increasing the use solar and wind energy and changing waste to energy. In short, saving the nature is very important to us and all the living things on earth.

با استفاده از اطلاعات داده شده یک پاراگراف درباره شهید محمد حسین فهمیده در پاسخنامه بنویسید.

Mohammad Hossein Fahmideh

Birth: May 6, 1967, Qom

Death: (Martyred) October 30, 1980, Khorramshahr

Job: Student

War: Iran–Iraq War, in Khorramshahr

Mohammad Hossein Fahmideh was an Iranian hero. He was born on May 6th, 1967 in Qom. He was a student. In Iran-Iraq war, he left his home and went to Khorramshahr. He was martyred on October 30th, 1980 in Khorramshahr. He is regarded as a hero among students.

READING

Bilingual is a person who can communicate through two languages nearly like a native speaker. There are different types of bilinguals. Most bilinguals have a preferred language, which they use most of the time, and then a second language, the level and use of which will differ significantly from one person to another. There are a few people whom we call "balanced bilinguals". They can speak, read or write both languages equally well. For example a child in a family who speak two languages can be called balanced bilingual.

Bilingualism can be found in many areas of the world. Members of these communities use two (or more) languages as a matter of course. South Africa, Belgium, Wales, Ireland and Canada are some examples of countries where bilingualism exists, (This does not mean that everyone living in these countries is bilingual). People whose parents or even grandparents moved to the country and have continued to speak to their children in their own mother tongue also keep up many of their own customs and continue to speak their own language at home.

• **Read the questions and choose the best choice.**

37. According to the passage, a balanced bilingual is a person who

- a. can speak two languages equally well in everyday life
- b. has a preferred language in everyday life
- c. can use his first language where another language is spoken
- d. has been raised bilingually and can read and write only his own language in two countries

38. According to the text, children who were bilingual from their early ages

- a. are able to write in both languages
- b. have an equal understanding of both cultures
- c. can write both languages equally correctly
- d. most probably know both languages equally

• **True/ False**

39. There are some bilinguals who have a preferred language.

- a) True b) False

40. Everyone is bilingual in South Africa, Belgium, Wales, Ireland and Canada.

- a) True b) False

• **Answer the following questions.**

41. Who is a bilingual?

42. Where can be bilingualism found?

Environmental pollutions, caused by Human, are not a new subject. The problems of water pollution, climate change and the endangered animals have become the troubles on Earth. With today's science and technology people can do greater harms to nature and do it more quickly. On the other hand because of population growth, they have been using more natural resources to meet the needs of this large population. Not surprisingly, they have realized what they are doing, is harmful to nature. Most of them are trying to find ways to solve these problems. In fact People have started new ways of showing more respect for nature.

Nowadays clean energy resources are widely used in many countries to keep the weather clean. For example, many countries now think that cars which burn fossil fuels should be replaced by electric cars. Electric cars don't burn gasoline in the engine, so they don't pollute the air. They use electricity stored on the car in batteries.

Replacing fossil fuels with renewable resources of energy is the best answer to the problem of pollution. Scientists call them clean energy resources because they do not pollute the earth. Clean energy is renewable. It is made from resources that can be replaced, like wind, water, sunshine, tides, and plants. When renewable energy resources are used, the need for fossil fuels is reduced. As a result, fewer fossil fuels are consumed each year, also they are saved for the future generations. Replacing fossil fuels with renewable resources of energy is the best answer to the problem of all types of pollutions.

• **Read the questions and choose the best choice.**

43. Which is the best title for this passage?

- a. How to use fossil fuels to increase pollutions
- b. The search for nonrenewable sources of energy
- c. Effective ways of using electric cars
- d. New ways to solve environmental pollutions

44. Which of the following is not mentioned in the passage as a source of energy?

- a. Electrical energy
- b. Wind
- c. Nuclear energy
- d. fossil fuels

• **True / False**

45. Clean energy is made from resources that can be replaced, like wind, water, sunshine, tides, and plants.

- a) True
- b) False

46. Using fossil fuels is the best answer to the problem of pollution.

- a) True
- b) False

• **Answer the following questions.**

47. Are people trying to respect nature?

48. Why are clean energy resources used in many countries?

There are many languages in the world, some of which may seem harder to learn for second or foreign learners. But which is the most difficult language to learn? Well, it's not easy to reply because there are many factors to discuss.

A native speaker of French, for example, will find English easier to learn than Chinese, because English is very similar to French, while Chinese is very different. As a result, first Language can affect learning a second language. The greater the differences between the second language and the first, the harder it will be to learn. Many people answer that Chinese is the hardest language to learn, possibly influenced by the thought of learning the Chinese writing system. Besides, the pronunciation of Chinese does appear to be very difficult for many foreign learners. However, for Japanese speakers, who already use Chinese letters in their own language, learning writing will be less difficult than for speakers of languages using the Roman alphabet.

Teachers and the conditions in which the language is learned also play an important role, as well as each learner's motivation for learning. If people learn a language because they need to use it for a living, they often learn it faster than people who study a language that has no direct use in their day to day life.

Read the questions and choose the best choice.

35. The word "it" in paragraph 2 line 4 refers to.....
- learning first language
 - second language
 - difference of languages
 - Chinese language
36. Hardness of learning a language can depend on.....
- how different it is from one's mother tongue
 - whether it is French or English
 - whether you are learning Japanese or Chinese
 - how long it takes to master pronunciation

True / False

37. Being familiar with writing system of the second language makes it harder to learn.
- True
 - False
38. The reason behind learning a language can slow down or speed up learning.
- True
 - False

Answer the following questions.

39. Which language is easier for French people to learn, English or Chinese? Why?
40. Why does a Japanese speaker find the Chinese writing system less difficult?

متن زیر را بخوانید و به سوالات به صورت خواسته شده پاسخ دهید.

Some people prefer to provide help and support directly to those in need. However, others prefer to give money to national and international charity organizations. Giving money to those in need can be a personally good experience, but there is a choice between donating nationally and internationally through charities or giving directly to those around you.

One of the advantages of providing direct support is that you can know exactly how your money is spent. Another **benefit** is that you can see the impacts on those you are helping, which can lead not only to great personal happiness but also to respect from others who appreciate the work you do.

There are advantages in giving to charities that are national and international. First and the best is helping in problems of global importance, such as curing diseases and human rights or helping those who are in bad environmental events like earthquakes and floods.

In conclusion a person should make their own choice in helping others. The important point is that we continue to give to those who are more in need than ourselves.

48. What can it lead to when you see the impacts on those you are helping?

49. What is the important point in helping others?

50. What is the closest synonym for the word “benefit”?

- a. experience b. advantage c. choice d. effect

51. Helping people in bad environmental events has the global importance.

- a. True b. False

52. All people feel great personal happiness when they help others.

- a. True b. False